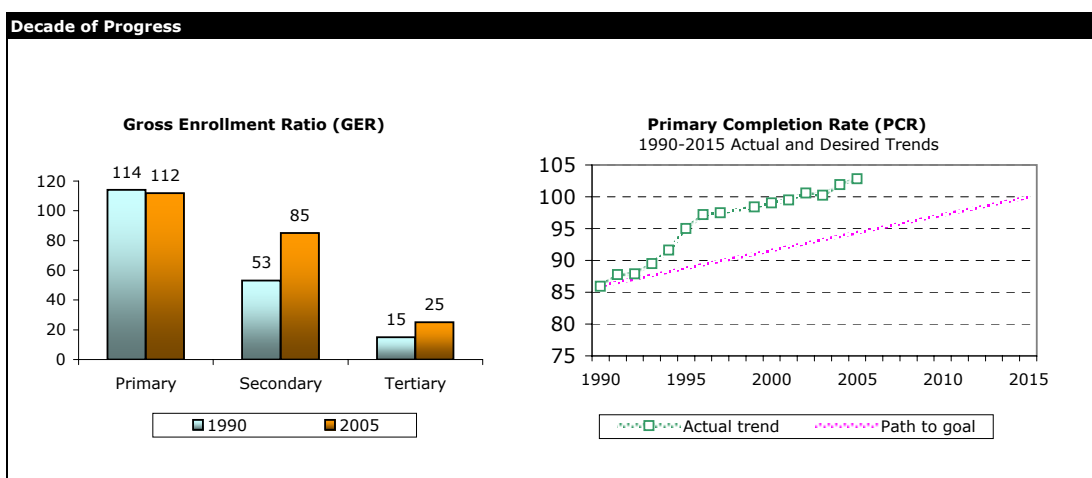


Education At a Glance: Mexico



Socio-Economic Context			
GNI Per Capita (US \$)	7830		
Population (millions)	105.3		
Population Growth Rate (%)	1.1		
Population Ages 0-14 (millions)	31.8		
Population Ages 0-14 (% of total population)	0		
HIV Prevalence Rate, ages 15-49 (%)	0.3		
Under-5 Mortality Rate (per 1,000)	35		
Adult Literacy Rate (%) [M/F]	92 [93/90]		
Unemployment rate (% of labor force) [M/F]	4 [3/4]		
Access, Coverage and Efficiency			
	Total	Male	Female
Gross Intake in Grade 1 (%)	110	111	109
Primary Gross Enrollment Ratio (%) (6 years)	113	114	111
Primary Repeaters (% of primary cohort)	4.6	5.6	3.6
Primary Drop Out Rate (%)	8.4	9.2	7.6
Primary Completion Rate (%)	103	102	103
Expected Primary Completion Rate (%)	101	101	101
Number of Primary Age Children Out of School (thousands)	68	15	52
Primary Gender Parity Index (GER ratio) ^a	0.97		
Secondary Gross Enrollment Ratio (%) (6 years)	85	84	86
Lower Secondary (%) (3 years)	109	106	111
Upper Secondary (%) (3 years)	59	59	59
Vocational and Technical (% of secondary enrolment)	14.0	0.1	0.2
Secondary Gender Parity Index (GER ratio) ^a	1.02		
Tertiary Gross Enrollment Ratio (%)	25.3	26.1	24.5
Tertiary Graduates in Science (% of total graduates)	11.7		
Labor Force with Secondary Education (% of labor force)	21.8	17.2	21.8
Labor Force with Tertiary Education (% of labor force)	17.5	15.3	17.5
Education Financing			
Public Education Spending (% of GDP)	5.4		
Public Education Spending (% of Government Spending)	25.6		
Share of Education Spending by level of education (%)			
Primary	40.0		
Secondary	29.5		
Tertiary	17.4		
Other	13.1		

Sources: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS), World Bank, UNAIDS, ILO, Household Surveys, IMF, Country. Data are for the most recent year available in 2000-2005.

a. Gender Parity Index (GPI) refers to the ratio of the female to male gross enrollment ratios. A GPI of 1 indicates parity between sexes.