

Q.1

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- A. Tribal areas
Empowerment
Property rights
Income generation
- B. Technology
- C. Extension services
- D. Non-farm activities
- E. Institutions & pro-poor activities
- F. SHGs and cooperatives
Who? Why?

A.2

G1

A. PRI to be strengthened
NREG to be utilized
+ coordination
+ capacity building

Q3

3 41

A. Specific role for all
Specialization

B. Accountability of
ALL institutions

Q4:

G.1

- A. Connectivity across
policy makers, NGOs
and researchers
- B. Independent experts
- C. Continual monitoring
Social Audit

Suggestions / Recō.s

Group 2

(1)

1. Promote Cooperatives

- but not through Govt.

2. Direct, selected grants to

NGOs for big ticket

roles that Govt. cannot do:

eg., - decentralized democracy

(Panchayati Raj)

- Cooperative promotion

- through CSOs

- organizing labour around
NREGA

Issues:

- Non availability of disag. data
- Framework "Inclusive Growth" should change to
 - "Trusteeship of ordinary folks"
 - "Social capital, relations"
- Things have not worked due to "Patron-Client" relation between State & Poor

- Help set up "seed business" as agri. prod. can go up if good quality (traditional) seed at right time is available
- Procurement of minor millet by Govt.
- ^{Min} Tariffs on food imports to protect livelihoods in drought prone areas
- Promote a "People's Bank"
- * - Decentralized technology:
Can WB promote it?

I.

a) Exclusion TO BE UNDERSTOOD IN TERMS OF
3 interlocking dimensions

- Regional
- Sectoral
- SOCIAL

b) Advantages of a region $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Historical} \\ \text{Natural} \end{array} \right.$

- ! Historical advantages eg.
 - Education - Kerala, MH, TN
 - Trade - Gujarat
 - Colonial investment } - MH, TN, WB.

?- But Natural Advantage -

Jh, Ch, MP, OR
They have not been utilised.
UP, BH - water land
not utilised.

II

(2)

A. Addressing - 1) Sectoral and Regional Exclusion
→ Basically due to investment pattern

2) Social Exclusion is an outcome
of unequal access provided
on caste background.
→ to be addressed through
social mobilisation,
representation, Education

1) First issue is primarily State.

2) Second needs to be primarily
CS initiative

B. Interventions on Poverty - 2 - types -

→ Enabling
→ Providing.

WB ⇒ To strengthen more the Enabling

III

Specific Roles →

3

- a) Design of Rural livelihood, SSA, NRMH to increase quality of CS investments
- b) Investment in State + C.S. institutions in regions excluded, Sector,
- c) Screening, preparation + evaluation to involve C.S. actors with credible track record
- d) Two types of institutions operative:
 - i) - Traditional (Caste, land relations etc.)
 - ii) - Modern - PRI, SHG Co-operatives

The second type of institutions to be strengthened not merely to facilitate productive activities but to counter the negative aspects of the traditional institutions.

∴ critical aspect of disaggregated data to be operative across all WB projects.