

<b>Country</b>	India
Purchaser	The District TB Control Society of XXX
Provider	NGO (Microscopy and Treatment Center)
<b>Type of Service</b>	
Government administration	
Physical plant development and capital investment	
Hospital (general and specialized)	
Basic primary care and preventive services	Provide anti-TB treatment , develop a system for direct observation of Therapy and follow-up.
Diagnostic services	Perform AFB microscopy and maintain the Laboratory Register; Perform laboratory quality control
Extended care	
Ambulance and transportation services	
Pharmaceuticals, medical supplies and equipment	Maintain adequate inventories of drugs and consumables
Human resources, education and training	Train TB workers according to the RNTCP policy
Knowledge management	Provide health education to the community
<b>Purchasing options</b>	
Public-public partnership	
<i>Government service delivery</i>	
<i>Project agreements</i>	
<i>Direct subventions</i>	
<i>Autonomization</i>	
<i>Corporatization</i>	
Public – private partnership	
<i>Service contract</i>	The NGO provide TB control service. The District TB society shall provide anti-TB drugs to NGO for the period of this agreement and provide Rs 50,000 as Grant-in-Aid.
<i>Contract in</i>	
<i>Contract out</i>	
<i>Leasing</i>	
<i>Concession</i>	
<i>Social Franchising</i>	
<i>Divestiture</i>	
<b>Basic Content of Contract</b>	
Preamble	Yes
Total amount of payment	Rs 50,000
Authorized persons and signature	Yes
Contract period	Two years
Summary content	The two parties agree to cooperate in the implementation of TB control activities to the population of XXX District.
Levels of services	To provide diagnosis and treatment services for TB control and to develop the capacity of health care workers to diagnose and treat TB and implement the RNTCP.
Targeted population	100,000 (The population of XXX District)
Quality standards to be achieved	The NGO must be registered under the Societies Registration Act, should have a minimum of 3 years experience in the area of operation, and available infrastructure, staff, or volunteers required in the field. The NGO must have a trained microscopist, a room with laboratory facilities.
Payment mechanisms	
<i>Capitation</i>	
<i>Fee-for-service</i>	
<i>Block contracts</i>	
<i>Labor and materials</i>	The District TB Society shall provide anti-TB drugs to the NGO; DTCS will pay NGO Rs 50,000 as annual incidental charges for postage, use of telephone, fax, transportation, etc.
<i>Cost-and-volume contracts</i>	
<i>Set price</i>	
<i>Prepayment</i>	
<i>Indemnification</i>	
Variations to the agreement	N/A
Best endeavours	Either party shall have the right to terminate the understanding at any time with thirty days' notice in writing indicating reasons for same to the other party. If the other party wishes to continue the contract, it must respond in writing within 30 days of receipt of termination notice.
Arbitration	If a resolution between the two parties is not possible, then the State TB Officer shall attempt to resolve the dispute.
Statutory regulations	N/A
Confidentiality	No
Information requirements and reporting formats	The NGO shall submit "Monthly Report on Logistics and Microscopy-Peripheral Health Institution Level" to the DTCS.
<b>What do contracts manage?</b>	Input (Type of services) Output (Volume)
Does the provider have discretion	
<i>To hire and fire staff?</i>	Yes.
<i>To set wages?</i>	Yes.
<i>To decide services provided within the contract?</i>	No. The NGO provides anti-TB treatment as per the RNTCP policy.
<i>To decide services provided outside the contract?</i>	N/A
<i>To set prices of services covered by the contract?</i>	No. Routine antibiotics will be provided to patients free of charge.
<i>To set other prices?</i>	N/A
<b>Is this a performance-based contract?</b>	No.
Performance goals and indicators	If the proportion of sputum positive patients is less than half of pulmonary cases put on treatment, or the sputum conversion rate at 3 months for new smear positive patients is less than 85%, intensive supervision and evaluation will be done collaboratively.
<b>Evaluation of Project</b>	The NGO is required to submit ' Monthly Report on Logistics and Microscopy-Peripheral Health Institution Level' to the DTCS. DTCS shall evaluate the performance of NGO every six months.
<b>Links to contract</b>	Copy of contract G.R Khatri, T.R. Frieden. 2002. Controlling Tuberculosis in India. N. Engl J Med. 347 (18): 1420 – 1425 K.J.R. Murthy et.al. 2001. Public-Private Partnership in Tuberculosis Control: Experience in Hyderabad, India. Int J Tuberc Lung Dis. 5(4):354-359
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<b>Note</b>	The India National Tuberculosis Control Programme involved Non-Governmental Organizations to play an active role in health promotion. There are five schemes for collaboration with NGOS, from health education and community outreach, to provision of directly observed treatment, to In-hospital care for tuberculosis disease, Microscopy and treatment center, and finally TB Unit Model. This is a Memorandum of Understanding: Microscopy and Treatment Centre Model