

Country	India
Purchaser	District TB Control Society
Provider	NGO
Type of Service	
Government administration	
Physical plant development and capital investment	
Hospital (general and specialized)	
Basic primary care and preventive services	To provide diagnosis and treatment services for TB Control following the RNTCP strategy
Diagnostic services	perform AFB microscopy and maintain the Laboratory Register
Extended care	
Ambulance and transportation services	
Pharmaceuticals, medical supplies and equipment	Maintain adequate inventories of drugs and consumables for smooth operation of the RNTCP in the area
Human resources, education and training	Provide health education to the community
Knowledge management	
Purchasing options	
Public-public partnership	
<i>Government service delivery</i>	
<i>Project agreements</i>	
<i>Direct subventions</i>	
<i>Autonomization</i>	
<i>Corporatization</i>	
Public – private partnership	
<i>Service contract</i>	The District TB Control Society shall provide start-up and recurring costs and provide anti-TB drugs; The NGO shall provide its own medical officer, at its own sole expense, for diagnosis and treatment of tuberculosis;
<i>Contract in</i>	
<i>Contract out</i>	
<i>Leasing</i>	
<i>Concession</i>	
<i>Social Franchising</i>	
<i>Divestiture</i>	
Basic Content of Contract	
Preamble	Yes
Total amount of payment	Approximately 1,000,000 (in Rs)
Authorized persons and signature	Yes
Contract period	Two years
Summary content	District TB Control Society and NGO to cooperate in the implementation of TB control activities
Levels of services	To provide diagnosis and treatment services for TB control following the RNTCP strategy and thereby ensure an 85% cure rate; To develop the capacity of health care workers to diagnose and treat TB and implement the RNTCP.
Targeted population	Approximately 500,000 population
Quality standards to be achieved	To follow Technical Guidelines for RNTCP, Operational Guidelines for RNTCP, and Laboratory Manual for RNTCP
Payment mechanisms	
<i>Capitation</i>	
<i>Fee-for-service</i>	
<i>Block contracts</i>	
<i>Labor and materials</i>	The District TB Control Society provides start-up and recurring costs and provide anti-TB drugs.
<i>Cost-and-volume contracts</i>	
<i>Set price</i>	
<i>Prepayment</i>	
<i>Indemnification</i>	
Variations to the agreement	Either party shall have the right to terminate the understanding at any time with thirty days' notice in writing indicating reasons for the same to the other party.
Best endeavours	If a resolution between the two parties is not possible, the State TB Officer shall attempt to resolve the dispute.
Arbitration	Failure to implement the project as agreed upon may lead to termination of this contract.
Statutory regulations	N/A
Confidentiality	N/A
Information requirements and reporting formats	Submit monthly and quarterly reports (New and Re-treatment cases, Sputum Conversion, Results of Treatment, Program Management and Logistics); submit an annual statement of audited accounts
What do contracts manage?	
Does the provider have discretion	
<i>To hire and fire staff?</i>	Yes. The NGO shall provide its own medical officer at its own sole expense, for diagnosis and treatment of tuberculosis.
<i>To set wages?</i>	N/A
<i>To decide services provided within the contract?</i>	N/A
<i>To decide services provided outside the contract?</i>	N/A
<i>To set prices of services covered by the contract?</i>	N/A
<i>To set other prices?</i>	N/A
Is this a performance-based contract?	No
Performance goals and indicators	N/A
Evaluation of Project	The NGO is required to submit Quarterly Reports (New and Re-treatment cases, Sputum Conversion, Results of Treatment, Program Management and Logistics). The DTCS shall evaluate the performance of the NGO every six months in order to ensure the appropriate implementation of this agreement to assess the need for technical support.
Links to contract	Copy of Contract G.R Khatri, T.R. Frieden. 2002. Controlling Tuberculosis in India. N. Engl J Med. 347 (18): 1420 – 1425 K.J.R. Murthy et.al. 2001. Public-Private Partnership in Tuberculosis Control: Experience in Hyderabad, India. Int J Tuberc Lung Dis. 5(4):354-359
Contact person	Diana Weil dweil@worldbank.org
Note	The India National Tuberculosis Control Programme involved Non-Governmental Organizations to play an active role in health promotion. There are five schemes for collaboration with NGOS, from health education and community outreach, to provision of directly observed treatment, to In-hospital care for tuberculosis disease, Microscopy and treatment center, and finally TB Unit Model. This is a Memorandum of Understanding : Tuberculosis Unit Model