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www.unisdr.org

Global Trends (risk)- Disasters are NOT natural

Natural and human-induced hazards

Climate change and variables

(global warming, global dimming...)

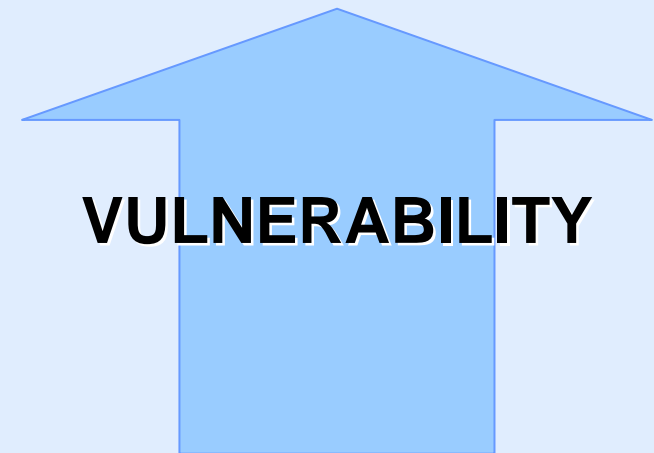
Socio-economic: poverty,
unplanned urban growth, lack of
awareness and institutional capacities...

Physical: insufficient land use planning,
housing, infrastructures located in hazard
prone areas...

Environmental degradation
ecosystem degradation; coastal,
watershed, marshland...), etc.



**HAZARDS +
EXTREME EVENTS**



VULNERABILITY

Anatomy of “natural” disasters

Natural hazard

X

Vulnerability

=

Disaster Risk

What is Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR)?

- A conceptual framework consisting of ways and means:
 - To minimize vulnerabilities and disaster risks.
 - To avoid (prevention) or to limit (mitigation and preparedness) the adverse impacts of natural phenomena or hazards within the context of sustainable development.

UN/ISDR: United Nations International Strategy for Disaster Reduction

- Successor programme of the IDNDR (International Decade for Natural Disaster Reduction, 1989-1999)
- GA Res 54/219 and 56/195 establish the ISDR secretariat, under the authority of the USG for Humanitarian Affairs, and the IATF-DRR
- GA Res A/RES/61/198 transforms the IATF-DR into the Global Platform for DRR, thus including Governments

World Conference on Disaster Reduction

Hyogo Framework for Action 2005-2015 (HFA)

- Building the resilience of nations and communities to disasters

- ✓ **3 Strategic goals**
- ✓ **5 Priorities for action**
- ✓ **Implementation and follow-up**

- 168 Governments, 78 regional and int'l orgs, and 161 NGOs attended
- Integrate disaster risk reduction into policies, plans and programmes of sustainable development and poverty reduction
- Recognize risk reduction as both a humanitarian and development issue – in the context of sustainable development
- Focus on national and local implementation, with bilateral, multilateral, regional and international cooperation

Hyogo Framework for Action 2005-2015 (continued):

Three strategic goals:

- **The integration of disaster risk reduction into sustainable development policies and planning**
- **The development and strengthening of institutions, mechanisms and capacities to build resilience to hazards**
- **The systematic incorporation of risk reduction approaches into the implementation of emergency preparedness, response and recovery programmes**

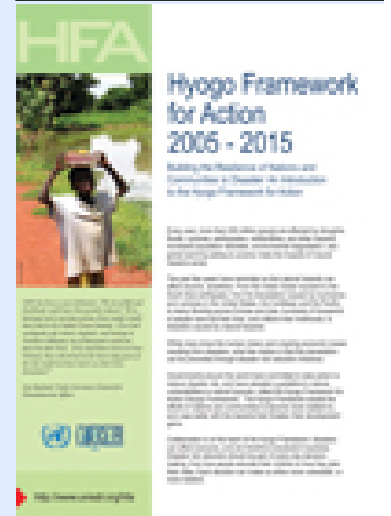
Hyogo Framework for Action 2005-2015 (continued):

Five priorities for action:

1. **Governance:** *ensure that disaster risk reduction is a national and local priority with strong institutional basis for implementation*
2. **Risk identification:** *identify, assess and monitor disaster risks and enhance early warning*
3. **Knowledge:** *use knowledge, innovation and education to build a culture of safety and resilience at all levels*
4. **Reducing the underlying risk factors** in various sectors (environment, health, construction, etc.)
5. **Strengthen disaster preparedness for effective response**

Build a disaster risk reduction movement – ISDR system

- ✓ Our objective: To reduce disaster risk, worldwide, focussing on nations and communities
- ✓ The instrument: Hyogo Framework for Action 2005-2015
- ✓ The vehicle: ISDR system - ‘movement’



Main elements of the ISDR System in support of the Hyogo Framework for Action

Responsible for national strategies and programmes, baselines studies, reporting...

Nations and communities
National Platforms,
Government agencies, local authorities, NGOs, CBOs, technical organisations, private sector, media...

Global coordination
Global Platform for DRR
USG Humanitarian Affairs Management Oversight Board
ISDR secretariat

Governance
UN General Assembly, ECOSOC

Supporting mechanisms
ISDR regional and thematic platforms
International and regional org.
WB GFDRR
UNDP/BCPR functions
UN Country Teams, Red Cross/ Red Crescent

Management, oversight, programme guidance, support, joint work programmes, monitoring

Support and technical advice to agencies, authorities, institutions and organizations

ISDR system levels of action ("platforms")

National implementation

National frameworks, multi-stakeholders, and multi disciplinary with
Support from UN country team – when appropriate

Regional

Based on existing regional and sub-regional strategies and mechanisms

Thematic

Building on existing networks, clusters, programmes and other mechanisms

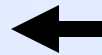
Global

Annual sessions
Subsidiary Programme Advisory/Committee

ISDR programme

coordinated international and regional
efforts to support national and

local capacities

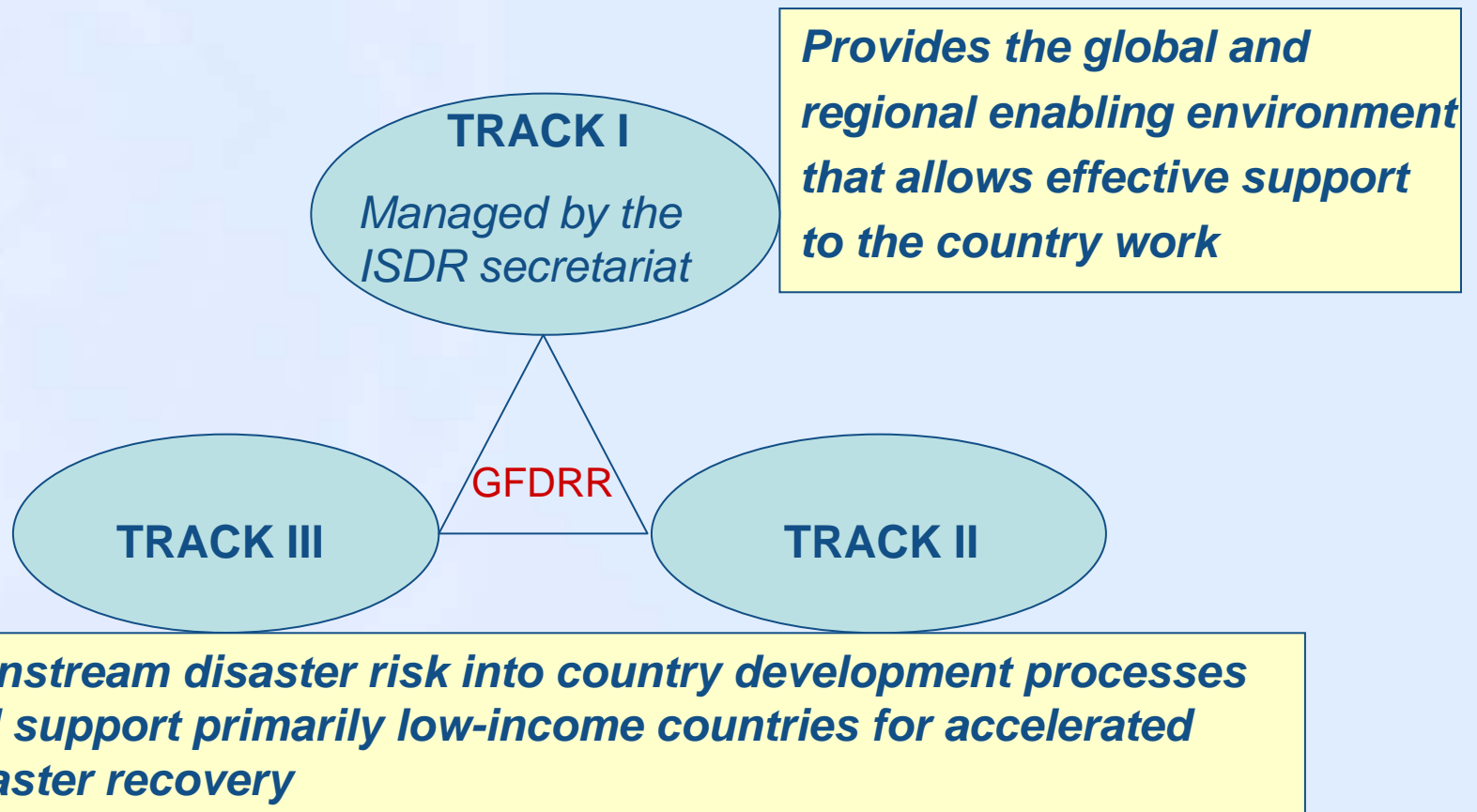


The GFDRR

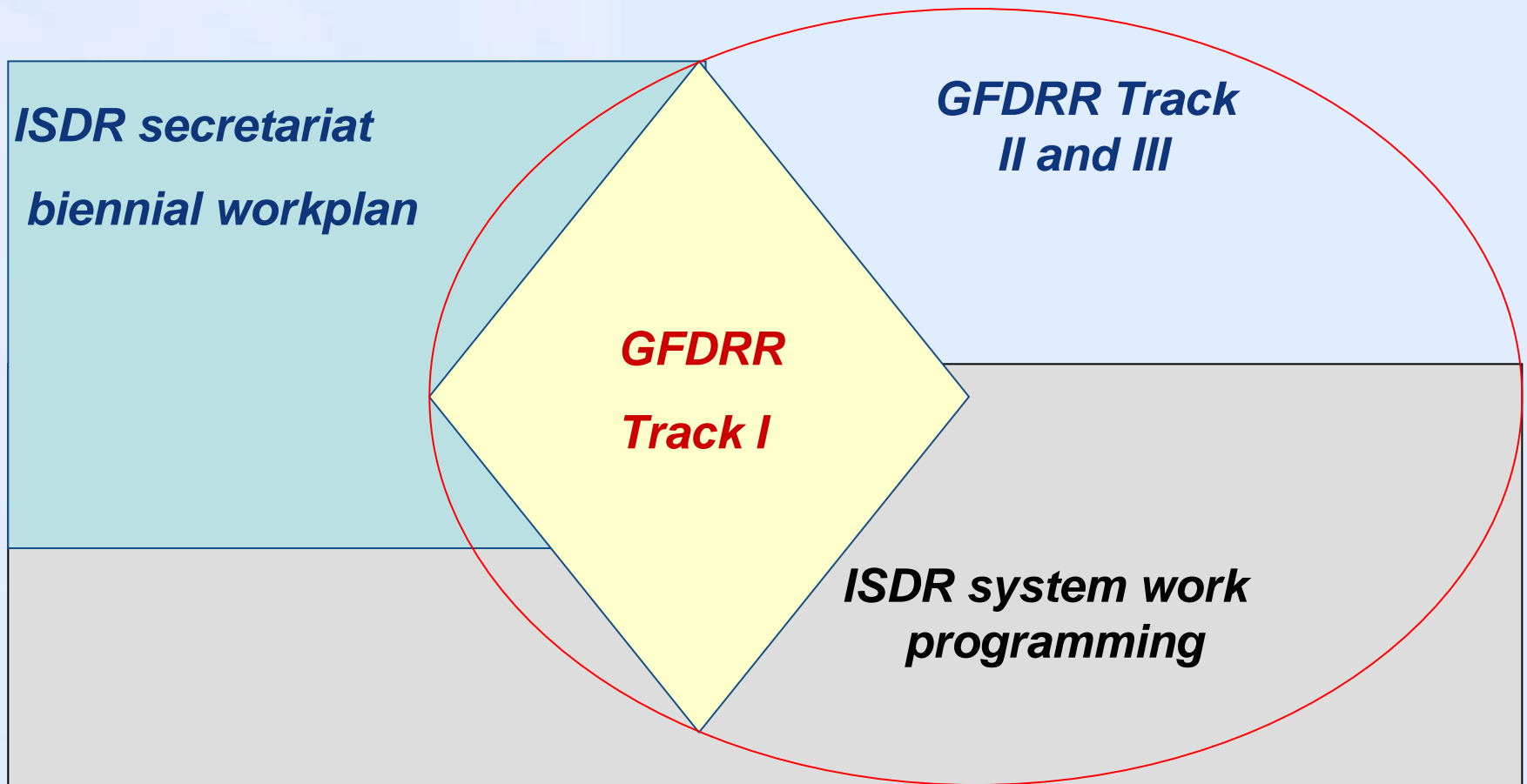
“A Partnership between the World Bank and the International Strategy for Disaster Reduction (ISDR) system to support the implementation of the Hyogo Framework for Action 2005-2015: Building the Resilience of Nations and Communities to Disasters”



The GFDRR critical component of the ISDR system



Track I – *The links between Track I, ISDR secretariat and ISDR system*





Thank you very much