

**Breakdown of WBG Energy Lending in the MENA Region Investment Type
FY03-08(US\$ millions)**

<i>Investment Type</i>	<i>FY03</i>	<i>FY04</i>	<i>FY05</i>	<i>FY06</i>	<i>FY07</i>	<i>FY08</i>	<i>Total (FY03-08)</i>	<i>Percent</i>
Access				45.54			45.54	4%
Blended Low Carbon & Access			1	11.32			12.32	1%
low carbon		0.75	8.5		121.2	49.8	180.25	17%
Oil, Gas and Coal	50	20	51	70	47.05	85	323.05	30%
Other Energy					43.1	60	103.1	10%
Thermal Generation				259.6	106.64		366.24	34%
Transmission and Distribution					49.8		49.8	5%
Grand Total	50	20.75	60.5	386.46	367.79	194.8	1080.3	100%

Definitions of the Investment Type Based on the Clean Energy Investment Framework (CEIF)

Access Projects: projects aimed at increasing access to electricity services. For IDA countries all generation, transmission and distribution projects are considered as “Access” as they are all needed for increased electrification. For IBRD countries only projects that are specifically aimed at increasing electricity access, primarily rural electrification projects, were included.

Blended Low Carbon/Access projects: access projects that use low carbon energy options (such as renewables) to increase access to electricity.

Low Carbon Projects: renewable energy projects (including all sizes of hydropower), energy efficiency, power plant rehabilitation; district heating, biomass waste fueled energy; gas flaring reduction; high efficiency coal fired plants (super-critical and ultra-supercritical) thermal plants. Beginning in FY05, IFC undertook a review of its investment portfolio at the end of each fiscal year in order to identify components appropriately counted as coming within the WBG definition of “energy efficiency and new renewables”. Prior to that time only projects with energy efficiency or renewable energy investments as their primary purpose were counted.

Transmission & Distribution, Oil & Gas, and Other Thermal Generation. Conventional projects that meet local environmental standards but do not specifically target lower carbon or energy efficiency solutions. Generation projects that are considered as “Fuel switching” will be categorized as lower carbon projects only if they are not commercially least cost and implemented as a result of a buy-down in costs or because of a regulatory imposition.

Other Energy: Includes projects where energy policy support is provided such as Energy Sector Development Policy Loans or other WBG interventions where the form of energy cannot be clearly distinguished, or where there are multiple energy sub-sectors supported within a single project which could not be prorated. Energy storage projects are included as well.