

Poverty Monitoring and Analysis System (PMAS): an overview

National Planning Commission, Nepal

PRSP CHARACTERISTICS

- ◆ 5 YEAR PLAN AND PRSP COMBINED
- ◆ REALISTIC MACRO FRAMEWORK
- ◆ ADOPTION OF LOG FRAME
- ◆ EXTENSIVE CONSULTATION

MONITORING OF POVERTY

- ◆ IMPLEMENTATION MONITORING
- ◆ OUTPUT MONITORING
- ◆ IMPACT MONITORING

IMPLEMENTATION MONITORING

- ◆ PUBLIC RESOURCE MANAGEMENT
- ◆ REGULAR MONITORING
- ◆ MONITORING OF INTERMEDIATE INDICATORS
- ◆ OUTPUT MONITORING
- ◆ IMPACT MONITORING

PUBLIC RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

- ◆ PRIORITIZATION DONE
- ◆ MTEF ADOPTED
- ◆ MORE RESOURCES FOR PRIORITY PROGRAMS
- ◆ BUDGET PREPARED ON THE BASIS OF PRSP

REGULAR MONITORING

- ◆ TRIMESTERLY INDICATOR DEVELOPED
- ◆ NDAC ACTIVATED
- ◆ “IMMEDIATE ACTION PLAN” INITIATED
- ◆ EXPENDITURE TRACKING INITIATED
- ◆ POSTING OF PROGRAMMES/BUDGET IN DISTRICTS INITIATED
- ◆ SPECIAL MONITORING OF TARGETTED PROGRAMMES

INTERMEDIATE INDICATORS

- ◆ PROCESS/INTERMEDIATE INDICATORS DEVELOPED
- ◆ PROGRAMMES/PROJECTS BEING ALIGNED WITH INTERMEDIATE INDICATORS
- ◆ EXPENDITURE TRACKING WITH SERVICE DELIVERY MODULE PLANNED

Outcome Monitoring: Main Objectives

- ◆ To assess the overall country performance with reference to living conditions
- ◆ To assess relative performance of different geographical/devt./admin. regions
- ◆ To facilitate resource allocation decisions among the above regions
- ◆ To facilitate analysis of determinants of poverty

Outcome, Impact and Process Indicators

- ◆ Poverty incidence and employment
- ◆ Broad-based economic growth
- ◆ Human development and infrastructure
- ◆ Social inclusion and targeted programs
- ◆ Governance
- ◆ Civil service reform
- ◆ Environmental management
- ◆ Macro economic stability
- ◆ Fiscal/financial management and monitoring
- ◆ Structural reforms and overall progress

Impact Assessment

- ◆ Selective impact assessment
- ◆ Action plan for IA prepared
- ◆ Impact assessment action plan as follows:

Year

PPPs

2003/04: Comparative IA of projects under N/GOs

2004: Detailed IA of a larger program

2005: IA of a policy

Participatory M & E

- ◆ Use of selected participatory tools
- ◆ Integration of findings into the monitoring and evaluation

Poverty Management Information System

- ◆ PMIS will be developed later
- ◆ As a transitional step to PMIS, poverty indicators included in Nepal Info.

Communication and Advocacy

- ◆ Develop and implement communication and advocacy plan

Institutional Framework

- ◆ IF designed based on 3 types of linkages:
 - Technical linkages
 - Consultative linkages
 - Executive political linkages

1. Poverty Monitoring and Assessment Systems

